

HIV in Maryland, 2018

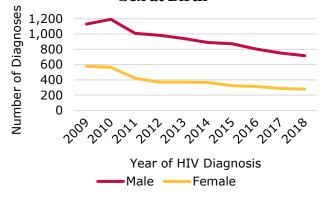
SEPTEMBER 2019

New HIV Diagnoses in Maryland

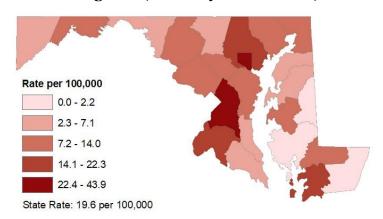
In 2018, there were 994 reported HIV diagnoses.

- In 2018, Baltimore City and Prince George's County had the highest rates (per 100,000) of new HIV diagnoses.
- 75% of the 994 reported HIV diagnoses in Maryland in 2018 were NH-Black, 13% were NH-White, 8% were Hispanic, and 5% were NH-Other.

Trends in HIV Diagnoses by Sex at Birth



HIV Diagnoses, Rates by Jurisdiction, 2018

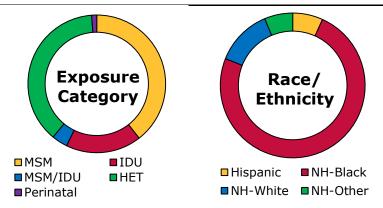


- It is estimated that an additional 11.6% of people living with HIV in Maryland remain undiagnosed, as of 2017.
- Of the 994 HIV diagnoses in 2018, 34% were among adults ages 20-29 years old, 26% were among those ages 30-39, and 15% were among those ages 40-49.

Characteristics of Marylanders Living with HIV

At the end of 2018, there were 31,559 people living with diagnosed HIV in Maryland.

- Rates (per 100,000) were twice as high in males (856.0) compared to females (404.5).
- Rates among people living with diagnosed HIV were 3 to 10 times higher among NH-Blacks (1,554.6) compared to Hispanics (457.4) and NH-Whites (150.2). 74% of living Maryland diagnoses were NH-Black.



NH: Non-Hispanic | HET: Heterosexual Contact | IDU: Injection Drug Use | MSM: Male-to-male Sexual Contact

Center for HIV Surveillance, Epidemiology and Evaluation Prevention and Health Promotion Administration Maryland Department of Health http://phpa.health.maryland.gov/OIDEOR/CHSE Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing exposure category.

Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only. Data reported through 06/30/2019 from the Maryland Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS).